

<u>Project Title:</u> Overcoming the Electronic Health Record gap in the Outpatient department for Out Patients prescription without changing clinician behavior or existing workflows.

• **Project Implementation Date:** June, 2018.

• Name of Applicant Organization: Nanavati Super Specialty Hospital

• Organization Address: SV Road, Vile Parle West, Mumbai, Maharashtra 400056

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• **Submitter's Title:** General Manager Operations

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• **Application Prepared On:** 15th September 2019.

Executive Summary

Nanavati Hospital embarked on a project to digitize its outpatient department doctor prescription for patients during consultation visits, in late 2017. External drivers included new laws that mandate patient data to be digitally recorded and stored. Internally, the growth in patient visits, the need to engage more effectively with the patient and to bolster R&D efforts with real-world data led the management to prioritize the search for a sustainable, cost-effective solution.

In July 2018, Nanavati Hospital went live with an AI-powered data capture technology that allows clinicians to instantly digitize their case sheets using a digital pen and encoded paper. Patient can view his or her prescription on tablet kept at consultant desk in real time, while doctor is documenting the prescription. After completion of prescription within 1 minute patient will receive link of his or her prescription through SMS. Patient can download prescription in pdf and can save. Smart, contextual triggers based on what the clinician has advised are sent to 7 departments in real-time: Admissions, CT, MRI, Sonography, Follow-Up Consultation, Lab and Pharmacy so that scheduling and appointments can be planned for patients accordingly.

Hospitals in India currently attempt digitization with manual transcription or scanning. Such processes are often resource intensive, expensive and time consuming. Not all sheets can be scanned, as not all patients can be approached before they walk out. Existing EHR solutions require typing, tapping or speaking. As this involves unfamiliar multi-tasking and increases consult times, adoption rates are extremely low.

The solution proposed was successfully implemented and integrated with the existing HIS. There was zero downtime and training per user on average lasted 15 minutes. Clinician compliance was 100% as users did not need to change their behaviour or alter existing workflows. Specialty-specific and clinician-friendly structured templates have further increased compliance and the volume of data captured, ensuring guidance and consistency in following clinical protocol. Clinicians can now retrieve patient history simply by tapping their pen on paper. Real-time intra-department alerts from the OPD have significantly improved patient experience and has the potential to increase average revenue per patient. The management is empowered with automated daily and monthly MIS reports allowing them to leapfrog any prior gaps or lag in electronic health record adoption.



1.1 PROBLEM STATEMENT (Key drivers for the project):

Nanavati Hospital had embarked on a project to digitize its <u>outpatient doctor prescription</u> in late 2017. The digitization effort was made an urgent priority due to following factors:

- 1. Outpatient doctor prescription was not stored in Medical Record Department as a hard copy due to constraint of space and absence of process.
- 2. NABH 4th edition defined storage and retrieval of outpatient doctor prescription as one of the compliance requirement which was not implemented.
- 3. Doctors were not ready and were resistant to adapt to electronic medical record software.
- 4. Doctors did not had access to patient previous OPD prescriptions, if patient forget to bring previous prescription.
- 5. As hospital did not had mechanism to collect and store the outpatient prescription, there were no possibility to work on CLINICAL BIG DATA analysis and research projects in various specialties.
- 6. Outpatient revenue loss as patient could not get appointment scheduling proactively, as the doctor's order in prescription were manually documented on paper.
- 7. ABSENCE of outpatient engagement and service delivery after OPD consultation as compared to In patient engagement post discharge which was implemented due to availability of discharge summary in hospital information system.
- 8. Absence of process, system and mechanism due to which the prescription audit of doctors was not being conducted effectively.
- 9. Due to single hard copy documentation of OPD patient prescription, medical administration did not had any tool to conduct clinical privilege compliance audit of various practicing doctors. To assess whether those doctors are prescribing treatment as per their clinical privileges or not.
- 10. Absence of a comprehensive simple digital solution which can be easily adapted by doctors in Indian context for digital capture of outpatient prescription. For which various available options were evaluated:

S.No.	Potential Solution to Digitise Patient Records	PROs (FOR)	CONs (AGAINST)
1	Electronic Medical Records (EMR) System	Potential to capture high quality and structured data directly into system at point of care.	Input devices involve a keyboard and screen - which can take doctor's attention away from the patient and increase consult times. Doctors are also not comfortable with typing in general and/or dealing with complex user interfaces, high number of mandatory input fields.
2	Carbon Copy Sheets and/or Scanning with Transcription Off-Site	Use of regular pen and paper which is familiar to doctors. Cost-effective in terms of direct costs.	Data is not immediately captured into EMR - Unable to use real-time data based workflows. Not all sheets can be scanned (if no



S.No.	Potential Solution to Digitise Patient Records	PROs (FOR)	CONs (AGAINST)
			carbon copy)
			Requires manual transcription which can be costly and cumbersome.
3	Transcriptionist On- Site in Doctor's Consulting Room	Potential to capture high quality and structured data directly into system at point of care without affecting doctor's time and patient	Expensive to hire transcriptionists for every doctor or scheduled consultation.
		attention.	Patients may not be comfortable with a 3rd person in the room.
4	Stylus Pen with Tablet	Paperless and instant digitisation at point of care. Potential to capture high quality and structured data	Haptic feedback from stylus pen does not allow for comfortable free-form writing at the desired speed.
		directly into system.	With high patient loads, patients requiring hard copies have to wait in queue for print outs.
5	Digital Pen (Ball point ink) with Encoded Paper	Use of digital pen which weighs and holds like a regular pen. Use of paper which is familiar to doctors. Instant digitisation at point of care without changing existing workflows. Cost-effective.	Full transcription takes some time even with handwriting recognition algorithms. However, real-time data based workflows are unaffected.
6	Speech to Text - Audio Recording & Off-Site	Does not interrupt the doctor's workflow and attention for patient. Doctor can use either pen/paper or	Expensive solution to outsource. Patient consent for this form of data capture may not be as forthcoming.
	Transcription	PC to enter data as per convenience.	Data is not immediately captured into EMR - Unable to use real-time data based workflows.
7	Speech to Text - AI powered On-Site Recording and Transcription	Doctor can see transcription in real-time and make edits / sign off on accuracy.	AI is not accurate enough to parse clinical data from conversations - this can increase the load on the doctor. Noisy environments, infrastructure challenges and solution costs are further constraints.

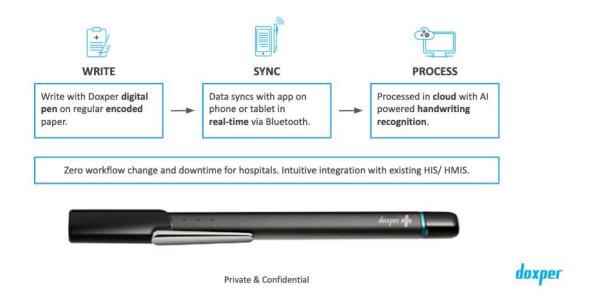


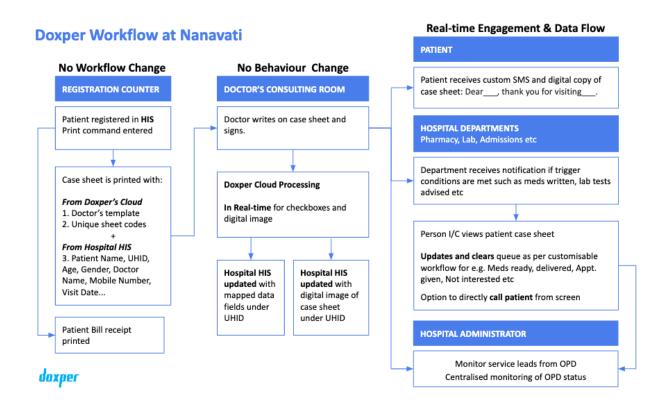
1.2 Details of Solution Implemented (Instantly digitizing case sheets using digital pen and coded paper):

- 1. In July 2018, Nanavati Hospital went live with Doxper which is an Artificial Intelligence powered data capture solution that allows clinicians to instantly digitise their clinical notes using <u>a smart</u> digital pen and encoded paper.
- 2. The encoded paper serves as a fully customisable proxy for the clinician's keyboard and display. Machine learning is applied on a handwriting recognition engine which improves its accuracy over time.
- 3. After completion of prescription within one-minute patient receives the SMS link of the prescription in his registered mobile number. Patient can download the prescription as pdf file and can attach to his email or any messaging system and access or can share with any one easily within minutes of his consultation with doctor.
- 4. Smart, contextual triggers based on what the clinician has written and advised are sent to 8 departments in real-time: Admissions, Financial Counselling, CT, MRI, Sonography, Follow-Up Consultation, Lab and Pharmacy.
- 5. With a few clicks, respective department personnel can view the clinician's case sheet, contact the patient to address any queries and book an appointment as this happens in near real-time, the patient is served before they leave the busy hospital, thereby creating a WOW patient experience.
- 6. For each department for which services was prescribed in digital prescription; respective staff can attend the lead in tablets and can document the action taken response with respect to appointment scheduled or patient requested for another date etc. which enabled hospital to track the patient retention in hospital for other services and has enhanced the OPD revenue retention with in the hospital.
- 7. It enabled to generate MIS on the status of all services prescribed and its delivery to patient.



Introducing Doxper - Digitisation without behaviour change. Cloud based and silo free.







8.Implementation steps and duration:

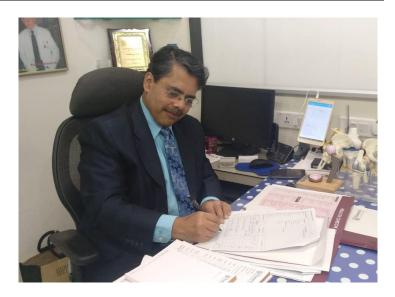
		Man Days		
	Open House with full workflow simulation	7		
	Template Designing - active collaboration with consultants	30		
Implement	Inspection and Simulation of registration desks to identify ideal printer locations	3		
	Integration with EMR - 1st pass	1		
	Virtual Printer with system integration	2		
	Dashboard for OPD alerts for department personnel and administrators	3		
	Printer Installation and final testing	2		
Go-Live	Training & Rollout (as per clinician's regular schedule) - 15 mins per clinician	15		
			Implementation in 37 days	→

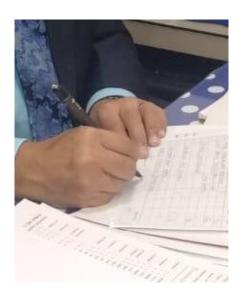
9. The project is a major improvement over previous systems and workflows in the following ways:

- 1. **Affordability & Cost-Effectiveness:** There was minimal one time hardware investment of digital pen +tablet + WI Fi + high end laser printer between two registration staff. Recurring overall costs are less than 3% of revenues from the outpatient department.
- 2. **Replicability:** The system is seamlessly connected end to end from hospital's existing HIS to the cloud. Any additions such as new OPD chambers, new clinicians or new templates are added with zero downtime, and without compromising performance. Case sheets with the clinician's template, patient details and unique codes for the sheet are all simultaneously printed on-site at the time of patient registration. There is no extra effort to account for additions to staff, infrastructure or patient volume.
- 3. **Sustainability:** There is no change required in the behaviour of clinicians or with existing workflows. Poor adoption due to resistance against change is often the main reason for new HIT systems eventually failing.



10. Testing and Deployment: More images in Appendix B





11.Clinical and operational benefits

I. 100% compliance because of zero behaviour change and zero cognitive load

The technology deployed has 100% buy-in from clinicians as it does not require any change in behaviour. Minimal training is involved, just switch the pen on and start writing. Pen is lightweight, feels like any normal pen and lasts for 5 hours of continuous writing on a single charge. Slide the pen in the dock once you are done, so it stays charged for the next clinician.

II. Clinician specific and balanced templates for clinically decisive consultations

Prior to the technology deployment, most consultants, including specialists and super-specialists were writing on blank, standardised case sheets. Using a digital pen and encoded paper solution created the opportunity to create clinician-specific templates (that are printed on-demand at the time of patient registration) **and** balanced templates with the right mix of structured and free-hand fields. Overall, this greatly increased the comfort level of clinicians (they can write notes the way they are used to, annotate or draw), without compromising the capture of meaningful, actionable data. The structured fields also serve as useful prompts to allow proper clinical protocol to be followed consistently, regardless of how busy the practice is, or how complex the case presented is. See **Appendix B** for two such template examples.

Changes in templates can be mapped in a matter of days, with zero downtime during the transition. The user interface of typical EHR systems, do not have the same level of flexibility and customisation available for users.



III. Retrieving patient history intuitively

When a follow-up patient visits a clinician, simply by touching the pen on the paper, the patient is identified on the Bluetooth connected tablet. The clinician can swipe the screen to view case sheets of prior visits. There is no need to type the patient name, or scan any codes. Intuitive access to patient history, together with the 100% compliance rate has resulted in significantly higher quality of consults and advice. Patients are no longer burdened with carrying their files.

IV. Contextual, real-time patient engagement

Real-time department alerts are generated based on the content of what the clinician has written on the OPD case sheets. These alerts are allowing coordinated care between the outpatient department and the 7 hospital services such as Pharmacy, Investigations, Admissions et al. Based on these alerts, the relevant hospital team is getting an opportunity to engage with the patient to address the advice made by the OPD consultants. It is too early in our implementation to see how capturing all possible leads for in-house services and acting quickly will meaningfully increase average revenue per patient, but the potential looks promising.

V. Insights from clinical and operational data

Structured data from the solution is automatically generated into daily and monthly MIS reports, giving management the tools to make informed tactical decisions on day to day operations. Longitudinal clinical data can reveal patterns and trends to allow the hospital to better respond to needs of the local population. The volume of data and ease of access is unprecedented in the Indian context and is allowing our hospital to leapfrog the gap and lag in EMR adoption. **Appendix C** shows representative examples for both.

12. Training, support and maintenance:

Training for clinicians introduced to the system for the first time could be completed within 15 minutes, just before they were about to start their day, without any major disruptions, and without the need to organise separate training sessions. For busy, visiting consultants, this was a major relief. All clinicians were given the opportunity to visit a full simulation during a week long 'Open House', setup in a conference room.

Close hand-holding and issue resolution happened on-site for the first 30 days from implementation up to satisfactory stabilisation. On-site support will continue to be provided by the in-house hospital team and remotely by the Doxper tech support team. In addition Doxper field support team is available whenever needed.

13.Adoption Rate:

1. Out of a total pool of 225 clinicians indexed in the hospital information system, 80% have already started using the solution. Clinician adoption among those already trained and introduced to the system is 100%.



- 2. Since going live in July 2018, more than 16000 patients have been served with over 27000 case sheets generated and digitised.
- 3. 37 tertiary care templates have been designed and mapped successfully in close collaboration with leading, world-class specialists and super-specialists.
- 4. Feedback from the clinicians was overwhelmingly positive and can be found narrated in **Appendix D**.

1.3 Outcomes Achieved:

- 1. The prime objective was to immediately comply with the accreditation requirement for record keeping of OPD case sheets as per NABH (National Accreditation Board for Hospitals & Healthcare Providers) standards was complied and achieved without planning and provision of physical space, infrastructure and manpower for management of OPD prescriptions.
- 2. Seamless integration with HIS for capture of patient demographic details and unique ID generation. This was ACHIEVED with a single step process. Patient demographics from the HIS were merged with unique one-time codes and clinician specific templates from the Doxper cloud, and simultaneously printed with a single command.
- 3. Prescription were printed with doctor name, doctor MMC registration number, speciality and patient details as per HIS records of billing and patient registration records.
- 4. Patient got the SMS link after one minute of consultation, the SMS link provides the patient's prescription in his smart phone in pdf format so that patient can record and refer anywhere digitally. It created a uniform access to patient to his OPD medical record and brought WOW patient experience in the OPD consultation process.
- 5. Timely retrieval of digitized case sheets from the system without any manual intervention. ACHIEVED. All OPD patient prescriptions was available in web-based software on desktop in consultation room at doctor desk.
- Implementation of structured specialty specific clinical templates for patient assessment on outpatient basis to ensure each clinician's compliance and adoption. ACHIEVED. Digitization of BIG CLINICAL DATA was achieved for research purposes and clinical studies speciality wise doctor wise.
- 7. Introducing a new design and response process for the patient to enhance the patient experience based on the data and alerts defined in the templates for 8 different departments: Follow-up consultation, Pharmacy, Admissions, financial counselling, CT, MRI, Sonography and Pathology Lab. ACHIEVED.



8. Requirement for a daily MIS report that was automated, detailed and organised clinician-wise. ACHIEVED.

9. Each Stakeholder WON:

Provider	Patient	Wider Ecosystem
Clinicians & Nurses No behaviour change Custom templates Easy access to patient files and history Patient Engagement Automated follow-up, adherence and patient education SMS messages Hospital Administrator Detect and plug revenue leakages Comply with regulations, quality audits Engage in clinical research	Patient Experience Get the doctor's undivided attention - in the clinic and at home with care providers Record Keeping Patient has their own digital case record via SMS Patient Journey Seamlessly navigate hospital's services	Analytics & Insights Care coordination post-consult Antibiotics resistance Longitudinal data in spite of EMR silos Real-time, accurate data from the field Policy & Regulation Data on NCD and notifiable diseases - Prevent potential epidemics Complete disease registries
IT Department Zero Downtime < 15 mins to train Seamless integration		- Prescribing Behaviours for analytics Detect and Prevent Fraud Use real-world evidence to regulate and accelerate clinical trials



Appendix A: Images of solution, and during testing and deployment







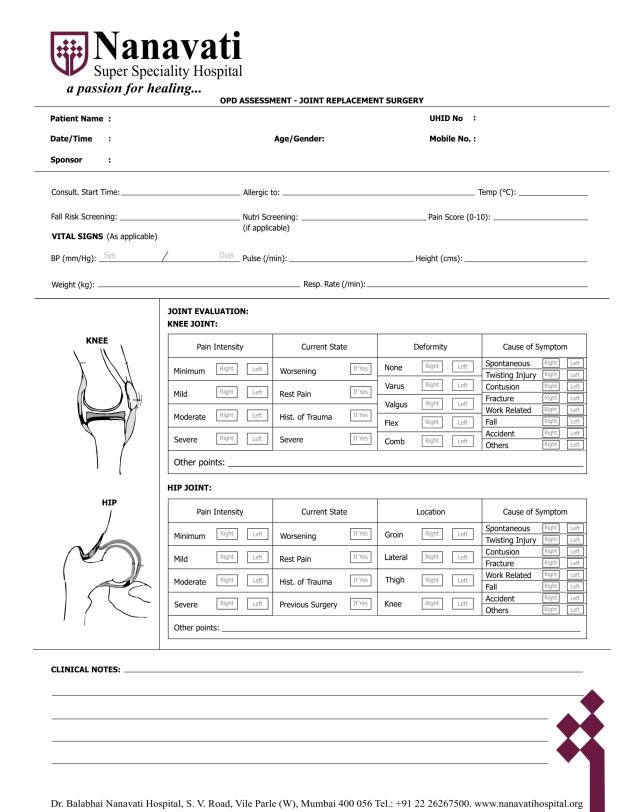








Appendix B: Specialty specific templates with optimal mix of structured and free-hand fields



Managed by Radiant Lifecare



•0.	Abdomen:	CNS:		Resp. Syste	m:	
NVESTIGATIONS A	DVISED:					
AB TESTS:	IMAGING TESTS:	PROVISION	AL DIAGNOSIS:			
СВС	X-Ray					
Blood Group	Chest PA					
HbA1C	Knee AP Standing					
Hb	Knee Lateral					
ESR						
CRP	L.S. Spine AP					
BUN, BSL - Fasting	g L.S. Spine Lateral					
BSL - PLBS	PBH AP					
INR	Alignment AP					
Sr. Creatinine	(Scanogram-Hip to An	·				
LFT	ECG	CARE PLAN:				
HLAB27						
HIV	2D Echo					
HBsAg	☐ PFT					
HCV						
Sr. Vit+D3						
RA Test						
11.500 8 0 14		I				
Urine R & M						
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise	ed: If yes	nesthesia Fitness:	If yes	Su	rgery Advised:	If yes
T3, T4, TSH	ed: If yes	nesthesia Fitness:	If yes	Su	rgery Advised:	If yes
T3, T4, TSH	ed: If yes A		If yes Morn	Su	rgery Advised: Night	If yes
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				
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T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				
T3, T4, TSH Admission Advise Sr.	MEDICINE	PRESCRIPTION				Days



TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT

Primary	Revision
Left Knee	Right Knee
Date of Surgery:	DD / MM / YYYY At: NSSH Outside
Prosthesis:	PS CR Revision LCCK RHK
Stem:	☐ Tibia ☐ Femur
Infection:	Sinus
PAST HISTORY:	
Surgery:	
Scar:	Healed Not Healed
ROM:	0-45 0-90 0-120 120-140
Fixed Deformity:	Varus Degree <10 10-30 <30
	Valgus Degree <10 10-30 <30
	Flexion Degree <10 10-30 <30
Tenderness:	Joint Line If Yes Tibia If Yes Femur If Yes Patella If Yes
Instability	If Yes Medial Lateral <10 deg >10 deg >10 deg
Patellar Tracking:	Painful If Yes
	Lateral Subluxation If Yes
Walking Aid	No Stick Walker
Physiotherapy	If Yes
Remarks:	



TOTAL HIP REPLACEMENT

Primary	Revision
Left Hip	Right Hip
Date of Surgery:	DD / MM / YYYY At: NSSH Outside
Prosthesis:	Cemented Hybrid Cementless
Head Size:	Ceramic 36 32 28 22
	Metal 36 32 28 22
ROM:	Flexion 0-30 0-60 0-90 0-120
	Abduction 0 0-30 0-45
	Adduction 0 0-30 0-45
	Int. Rotation 0 0-20 0-40
	Ext. Rotation 0 0-20 0-40
PAST HISTORY:	
Limb Length:	Left Right
	Short Long Short Long
	0-10 mm
	10-20 mm 10-20 mm 10-20 mm
Walking Aid:	If Yes Stick Walker
Physiotherapy:	If Yes
Remarks:	





Patient Name:					UHID No	:	
Date/Time :			Age/Gende	er:	Mobile No.	:	
Sponsor :							
Consult. Start Time:			Allergic to:		Temp (°C):		
all Risk Screening:			Nutri Screening: if applicable)		Pain Score (0-1	0):	
VITAL SIGNS (As app	,						
BP (mm/Hg): Sys							
Weight (kg):		F	Resp. Rate (/min):				
PRESENTING COMP	LAINTS WIT	H DURATION:					
Chest Pain	If Yes	Duration	Oedema F	eet		If Yes	Duration
Dyspnea	If Yes	Duration	Syncope			If Yes	Duration
- atigue	If Yes	Duration	Cough			If Yes	Duration
Palpitation	If Yes	Duration	Intermitte	nt Claudication / Extreme	ely Pain	If Yes	Duration
Connect Dates			1	Atypical Angina		Non Angina	al Pain
Type of Pain:		Typical Angina		T Ky proof / Tigiro		Ronzalgini	
Risk Factor Profile							
	нт	N	DM	Dyslipid	☐ CKD	СОРД	
Risk Factor Profile			DM		CKD Obesity		
Risk Factor Profile		N		Dyslipid		СОРД	
Risk Factor Profile Family History Alcohol		N	Smoking	Dyslipid	Obesity	СОРД	
Risk Factor Profile Family History Alcohol PAST HISTORY:	ну	N po-Thyroid	Smoking	Dyslipid	Obesity	COPD Other	
Risk Factor Profile Family History Alcohol PAST HISTORY: Rheumatic Fever	Hy	N po-Thyroid On Rheumatic Pro	Smoking	Dyslipid	Obesity	COPD Other	
Risk Factor Profile Family History Alcohol PAST HISTORY: Rheumatic Fever Prior Cardiac Surgery	Hy	N po-Thyroid On Rheumatic Pro	Smoking	Dyslipid	Obesity	COPD Other	
Risk Factor Profile Family History Alcohol PAST HISTORY: Rheumatic Fever Prior Cardiac Surgery	Hy	N po-Thyroid On Rheumatic Pro	Smoking	Dyslipid	Obesity	COPD Other	
Risk Factor Profile Family History Alcohol PAST HISTORY: Rheumatic Fever Prior Cardiac Surgery	Hy	N po-Thyroid On Rheumatic Pro	Smoking	Dyslipid	Obesity	COPD Other	

1 ugo 10 01 20



PREVIOUS INTERVENTION & DETAILS: Thrombolysis: CAG: Year Year PCI: _ Stents:_ Vessels:_ CABG: Year ICD/CRT/PPI: _ Peripheral/Aorta/Intravenous: ___ **PREVIOUS INVESTIGATIONS:** Lipid Profile: Others: ___ CBC:_ Creat.:_ TC: ___ HIV, HBsAg, Anti HCV ___ HDL: ___ Total Ck.: ____ LDL:__ Sr. Electrolyte: _____ Non HDL: ___ BNP/NT Pro BNP: ___ 2D Echo: _ Trop T/I:_____ ECG:_ SGPT: _ X-Ray Chest PA:_ **CLINICAL EVALUATION:** Pallor Edema Ascites ___ JVP___ _ HR _ (R) SpO2 ___ BMI ___ CVS: _ Respiratory System: ____ Right Left Right Left Peripheral Pulses Popliteal Left Right Left Right Carotid Bruit DIP Left Right Right Left Radial PT Right Left Left Right Brachial Gangrene Left Right Femoral



PROVISIONAL DIAGNOSIS:						
FOLLOWUP / ADVICE:						
INVESTIGATIONS ADVISED:						
СВС	ECG					
Blood-Sugar	2D Echo					
☐ F ☐ PP	Stress Test					
☐ HbA1c	ABP					
S. Electrolytes	Holter					
Creatinine	Dobutamine Stress Echo					
Lipid Profile HIV	Perfusion Study					
HBsAg	Viability Study					
Anti HCV	Doppler Studies					
│ RFT │ LFT	Arterial Doppler					
☐ Vit D	Venous Doppler					
☐ Vit B12	Renal Doppler					
☐ T3, T4, TSH ☐ Urine R/M	X-Ray Chest PA					
Urine C & S	Cliest PA					
Others:						
	_					



		_	
Admission Advised:	If Yes	Procedure Advised:	If Yes

PRESCRIPTION

		PRESCRIPTION			I	
Sr. No.	MEDICINE (WRITE IN CAPITAL)	Dose	Morn	Noon	Night	Days

Consultant Seal	FOLLOW UP DATE
& Signature Consultant Name:	DD / MM / YYYY
Powerd by DEF.com	



Appendix C: Representative Monthly MIS Report & Clinical Data Analysis

Patient Name	MRD	NO	DATE	VISIT_ID	DR_	ID	Admission	СТ	Follow_up	Lal	,	MRI	Pharmacy	Sonography	Surgery	XRay
Total	7	436					237	71	717	14	12	95	2893	203	241	319
						_									_	
Patient Name	MRD_	NO			DR_	ID	Admission	СТ	Follow_up	Lai)	MRI	Pharmacy	Sonography	Surgery	XRay
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							Υ			-			Y		Y	
										-						
							-			١,	1		_			Y
							Y			-			Y		Y	
			2018-08-01	844868												
			2018-08-01	844871												
			2018-08-01	844876												
			2018-08-01	844886			Y						Y		Y	
			2018-08-14	844895									Y		Y	
			2018-08-01	844900					Y				Y			
			2018-08-01	844899						١	1			Y		Y
			2018-08-29	844903					Y	١	1		Y			
			2018-08-01	844904												
			2018-08-01	844907												
			2018-08-01	844911					Y				Y			
			2018-08-01	844914									Y			
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DA	17																				_	_
Name		Date	Age (years)	Sex	Weight (kg)	Mobile	Hb (g/dL)	Urea (mg/dL)	Creatinine (mg/dL)	Calcium (mg/dL)	Phosphorous (mg/dL)	Urine:Protein (mg/dL)	Pus cells (p.v.f)	RBCs (hbf)	Heart Trouble	Anaemia	Diabetes	Asthma	Cardiac Pace Maker	Sinus	Jaundice	-
R12	34	12/11/13	56	F	78		10.2	7	0.6	8.5		3			Υ	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
M12		13/11/13	23	М	56		12				2.5		0		Ν	N	N	N	N	N	N	1
AP2		14/01/14	34	М					1	10.2				1	N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	1
A89		15/11/14		M	56		0				4.5	3			N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
AS4		16/11/14	27	М				8		9					N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
		17/11/14	38		78					9.4		17		2	N	N	Y	N	N	N	N	
AG2	3	18/11/14	29	M			16				1		4		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
AV2	3	19/11/14	67	M	97				1.1						N	N	N	N	N	Y	N	
BS2	3	20/11/15	56	F	67										N	N	N	N	N	N	N	Т
DS5	6	21/11/15	24				13.2	18		10.2		9			N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
DS2			48	М	57				0.8						N	N	N	N	N	N	N	T
DR5	6	23/11/15	39	M	78						3.2				N	Y	N	N	N	N	N	T
DS4	5	24/11/16	45	М			14.1	5					5		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	T
GT7	8		46	F	67					8		18		1	N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	T
HS2		26/11/16		M							4.2				N	N	Y	N	Y	N	N	T
		27/11/16	27	F	56		9		1.2						N	N	N	N	N	N	N	T
JC56	3	28/11/16	38	М	67			18							N	N	N	N	N	N	N	T
K23		29/11/16	68	M	67		8			9			2		N	N	N	Y	N	N	N	T
N35	3	30/11/16	70	М	56			7				22			N	N	N	N	N	N	Y	T
VS3	4	01/12/16	23	М	45				1		3		1		N	N	N	N	N	N	N	T



Appendix D: Clinician's Feedback

SN	Speciality	Consultant Name	Consultant Feedback	Specific Prescription Required?
1	Bariatric	Dr. Jaydeep	Excellent initiative, willing to adopt to it.	Currently typing
	Surgery	Palep	Currently typing	in word . Yes Specific prescription required.
2	Endocrinology	Dr. Mihir S Raut	Willing to adapt to it, need to design opd prescription as per endocrinology.	Yes.
3	ENT	Dr. Manohar Shaan	Good initiative, need ENT specific opd prescription.	Yes.
4	General Medicine	Dr. Harshad S Limaye	Good Initiative. OPD template as per his specifications.	Yes.
5	General Medicine	Dr.Rahul Tambe	Good Initiative. OPD template as per his specifications.	Yes.
6	Gynaecology	Dr. Gayatri Deshpande	Good initiative, need gynecology template.	Yes.
7	Gynaecology	Dr. Preeti D Galvankar / Dr.Nirmal	Good initiative, need gynecology template.	Yes.
8	Hand Surgery	Dr. Aditya Kaushik	Good work flow.	Yes.
9	Interventional Cardiology	Dr. Salil Shirodkar	excellent initiative, need cardiology specific template.	Yes.
10	Minimal Access Surgery	Dr. Manmohan Kamat	Need general surgery specific template.	Yes.
11	Nephrology	Dr. Anup Chaudhary / Dr.Harish Pathak	Excellent initiative, need nephrology specific template even for AKD patients charting.	Yes.
12	Neuro Surgery	Dr. Rajan Shah	Recommended to have speech recognition for template documentation. Ready to adopt. Good initiative.	No.
13	Orthopaedics - Joint Replacement	Dr. Pradeep Bhosale	Need joint replacement specific opd prescription template and also for surgery notes and diagrams. Good initiative.	Yes.
14	Orthopaedics - Joint	Dr. Sunil M Shahane	Good initiative. Will adopt it.	Yes.



SN	Speciality	Consultant	Consultant Feedback	Specific
		Name		Prescription
				Required?
	Replacement			
15	Radiation	Dr. Nagaraj G	Good workflow but meets only administrative	No.
	Oncology	Huilgol	purpose of prescription tracking for revenue.	
16	Spine Surgery	Dr. Mihir Bapat	Excellent work flow. Needs his specific	Yes.
			prescription design. Also needs for surgery	
			notes.	
17	Spine Surgery	Dr. Amandeep	Excellent work flow. Needs his specific	Yes.
		Gujral	prescription design. Also needs for surgery	
			notes.	
18	Spine Surgery	Dr. Nikhil	Good work flow. Willing to adopt to it.	No.
		Arbatti		
19	Surgical	Dr. Sudeep	Good work flow. Need surgical oncology	Yes.
	Oncology	Sarkar	specific opd template and surgeon notes also.	
20	Urology and	Dr.Avanish	Recommended to have the full fledged EMR.	Yes.
	Uro Oncology	Arora	Contented with the workflow demo.	